HALF OF A NUMBER (DIVIDING BY 2)

ANSWERS

HERE ARE A FEW WAYS OF SOLVING.

$\frac{1}{2}$ of 10 → 5 + 5 = 10

OR → 10 ÷ 2 = ? → 2 + 2 + 2 + 2 + 2 = 10

TAKING HALF OF A NUMBER IS THE SAME AS DIVIDING BY 2.

HELPFUL EXAMPLE

OR → ? x 2 = 10

DIVISION IS MULTIPLICATION BACKWARDS. ASK YOURSELF, "WHAT TIMES 2 EQUALS 10?"

ANSWER: 5

SOLVE.

1. $\frac{1}{2}$ of 32 = 16
2. $\frac{1}{2}$ of 38 = 19
3. $\frac{1}{2}$ of 14 = 7
4. 6 ÷ 2 = 3
5. 20 ÷ 2 = 10
6. 18 ÷ 2 = 9
7. 2 x 2 = 4
8. 6 x 2 = 12
9. 13 x 2 = 26
10. $\frac{1}{2}$ of 34 = 17
11. 36 ÷ 2 = 18
12. 11 x 2 = 22
13. 80 ÷ 2 = 40
14. $\frac{1}{2}$ of 44 = 22
15. 64 ÷ 2 = 32
16. 7 x 2 = 14
17. 5 x 2 = 10
18. $\frac{1}{2}$ of 48 = 24
19. $\frac{1}{2}$ of 72 = 36
20. 20 x 2 = 40
21. 8 ÷ 2 = 4
22. $\frac{1}{2}$ of 84 = 42
23. 16 ÷ 2 = 8
24. 21 x 2 = 42
25. 15 x 2 = 30
26. 44 x 2 = 88
27. 54 ÷ 2 = 27
28. 28 ÷ 2 = 14
29. $\frac{1}{2}$ of 74 = 37
30. $\frac{1}{2}$ of 98 = 49
31. $\frac{1}{2}$ of 120 = 60
32. 33 x 2 = 66
33. 100 ÷ 2 = 50
34. 56 ÷ 2 = 28
35. $\frac{1}{2}$ of 144 = 72
36. 72 ÷ 2 = 36
37. $\frac{1}{2}$ of 180 = 90
38. 12 x 2 = 24
39. $\frac{1}{2}$ of 300 = 150
40. 25 x 2 = 50
41. $\frac{1}{2}$ of 250 = 125
42. 200 ÷ 2 = 100